



EMPYREAN
WINDS

2023 Audition Packet

Welcome!

Thank you for your interest in joining 2023 Empyrean Winds! We are looking forward to an exciting season ahead and hope you will be a part of our journey as we soar to new heights!

We will be playing these exercises (and more!) at our audition camps. As you are preparing for camp, use the guide below to help set goals, create practice strategies, and evaluate yourself. Each exercise has three recommended points of focus. This is what music staff will be listening for. Each focus point details how we would like the exercise to be performed, as well as advice on how to achieve it at a high level.

Happy practicing- hope to see YOU at Empyrean Winds!



Long Tones

- **Breathing**- you only have one count to breathe between notes, focus on making sure you fill your lungs all the way up before the start of the next note. Breathe in through an "O" shaped mouth and fill up from the bottom of your lungs (think stomach) rather than breathing into your chest to do this efficiently.
- **Tone Quality**- Keep an open oral shape (teeth apart), relaxed upper body, and proper air support to always achieve a resonant, characteristic tone. Listen to professionals on your instrument to model your sound after.
- **Attack and Release**- Each note should be heard instantly at the start of beat one- we achieve this by using fast air and a light tongue at the start of each note. Notes release at the very start of the following rest- we always end notes with a breath in, never with our tongue.

Bb Remington

- **Pitch Center**- Center and hold each pitch steady immediately from the start of beat one all the way to the end of the note. Make sure your embouchure is set before playing, keep firm corners, and maintain your air support to avoid any wobbling, flaring, or drooping in pitch.
- **Intonation**- Imagine the sound of what note is coming next before playing it. This will help you nail the new pitch right from the start or make you aware of an adjustment you

may need to make so we are always in tune. Also, the second Bb of each phrase should return to the exact same pitch as the first Bb of the phrase! Practicing with a drone is a good way to check yourself.

- Note-to-note Consistency- Make sure the tone and volume of the changing note matches the tone and volume of each Bb around it. As the instrument gets longer (i.e., more valves/keys down), you may need to use more air. Embouchure must also stay firm and controlled for low range notes to speak they way they should.

Scale Study

- Finger Technique- In addition to pushing down the correct fingering, make sure that your valves or keys are going all the way up and all the way down for each new note you play. If they are only down/up 90% of the way, tone will be sacrificed.
- Articulation- Use a fast, light, relaxed tongue to articulate so that each note has a clear beginning, tempo is maintained, and tone quality never changes.
- Planning Breaths- The exercise is too long to be played in one breath, and there aren't any rests written until the very end. Have a consistent plan for where you are going to breathe so that you can always perform the exercise with confidence, and not have to worry about when you are running out of air.

Lip Slurs

- Flexibility- You should be able to play through the range of your instrument without major embouchure changes. Keep firm corners and keep the mouthpiece still on your face while playing. Manipulate the pitch by changing your:
 - *Air direction*- point your air down into the mouthpiece as you go higher, or more straight forward as you go lower
 - *Vowel shape/tongue position*- Where is your tongue placed in your mouth- Use a low tongue ("Oh," "Ah") for lower notes, and raise the back of your tongue ("Ey," "Ee") for higher notes.
 - *Aperture*- the size of the hole between your lips. Using a smaller aperture for higher notes, and a larger aperture for lower notes may be useful.
- Range- Maintain the same resonant, characteristic tone across your entire range. Maintain a firm embouchure and use the methods listed above to manipulate your air for the desired pitch. Never use tension, pressure, or a changed embouchure- all three will result in a worse tone.
- Air Support- Just like with Bb Remington earlier, make sure you keep a consistent volume and resonance as the instrument gets longer. Take full breaths, stay relaxed, and use your core muscles to push your air all the way through the instrument.

Alto Sax

Empyrean Winds Audition Packet

Long Tones

♩ = 108

Musical notation for Long Tones exercise, measures 1-12. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The exercise consists of a series of half notes with slurs, followed by a final phrase of quarter notes.

Bb Remington

♩ = 84

13

Musical notation for Bb Remington exercise, measures 13-24. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The exercise consists of a series of quarter notes with slurs, followed by a final phrase of quarter notes.

25

Musical notation for Bb Remington exercise, measures 25-34. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The exercise consists of a series of quarter notes with slurs, followed by a final phrase of quarter notes.

Scale Study

♩ = 132

35

Musical notation for Scale Study exercise, measures 35-38. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The exercise consists of a series of eighth notes with slurs, followed by a final phrase of eighth notes.

39

Musical notation for Scale Study exercise, measures 39-42. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The exercise consists of a series of eighth notes with slurs, followed by a final phrase of eighth notes.

43

Musical notation for Scale Study exercise, measures 43-46. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The exercise consists of a series of eighth notes with slurs, followed by a final phrase of eighth notes.

47

Musical notation for Scale Study exercise, measures 47-50. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The exercise consists of a series of eighth notes with slurs, followed by a final phrase of eighth notes.

Lip Slur 1

♩ = 120

49

Musical staff 49-54: Treble clef, 4/4 time. Measures 49-54. Slurs are placed over measures 49-50, 51-52, and 53-54. Measure 50 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 52 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 54 has a sharp sign above the first note.

55

Musical staff 55-62: Treble clef, 4/4 time. Measures 55-62. Slurs are placed over measures 55-56, 57-58, 59-60, and 61-62. Measure 57 has a flat sign above the first note. Measure 58 has a flat sign above the first note. Measure 62 has a sharp sign above the first note.

Lip Slur 2

♩ = 108

63

Musical staff 63-70: Treble clef, 4/4 time. Measures 63-70. Slurs are placed over measures 63-64, 65-66, 67-68, and 69-70. Measure 65 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 66 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 67 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 69 has a sharp sign above the first note.

71

Musical staff 71-76: Treble clef, 4/4 time. Measures 71-76. Slurs are placed over measures 71-72, 73-74, 75-76. Measure 71 has a flat sign above the first note. Measure 72 has a flat sign above the first note. Measure 73 has a flat sign above the first note. Measure 74 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 75 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 76 has a sharp sign above the first note. The staff ends with a double bar line and a 6/8 time signature.

Lip Slur 3

♩ = 82

77

Musical staff 77-84: Treble clef, 6/8 time. Measures 77-84. Slurs are placed over measures 77-78, 79-80, 81-82, and 83-84. Measure 77 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 78 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 79 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 80 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 81 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 82 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 83 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 84 has a sharp sign above the first note.

85

Musical staff 85-92: Treble clef, 6/8 time. Measures 85-92. Slurs are placed over measures 85-86, 87-88, 89-90, and 91-92. Measure 85 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 86 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 87 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 88 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 89 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 90 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 91 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 92 has a sharp sign above the first note.

93

Musical staff 93-100: Treble clef, 6/8 time. Measures 93-100. Slurs are placed over measures 93-94, 95-96, 97-98, and 99-100. Measure 93 has a flat sign above the first note. Measure 94 has a flat sign above the first note. Measure 95 has a flat sign above the first note. Measure 96 has a flat sign above the first note. Measure 97 has a flat sign above the first note. Measure 98 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 99 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 100 has a sharp sign above the first note.

101

Musical staff 101-106: Treble clef, 6/8 time. Measures 101-106. Slurs are placed over measures 101-102, 103-104, 105-106. Measure 101 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 102 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 103 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 104 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 105 has a sharp sign above the first note. Measure 106 has a sharp sign above the first note. The staff ends with a double bar line.

Lip Slur 1

49

♩ = 120

Musical staff for Lip Slur 1, measures 49-56. The staff is in treble clef. It begins with a slur over measures 49-50, followed by a quarter rest in measure 51. Slurs continue over measures 52-53, 54-55, and 56. The key signature changes from one flat to two flats between measures 53 and 54.

57

Musical staff for Lip Slur 1, measures 57-62. The staff is in treble clef. It begins with a slur over measures 57-58, followed by a quarter rest in measure 59. Slurs continue over measures 60-61 and 62. The key signature changes from two flats to one flat between measures 61 and 62.

Lip Slur 2

63

♩ = 108

Musical staff for Lip Slur 2, measures 63-70. The staff is in treble clef. It begins with a slur over measures 63-64, followed by a quarter rest in measure 65. Slurs continue over measures 66-67, 68-69, and 70. The key signature changes from one flat to two flats between measures 67 and 68.

71

Musical staff for Lip Slur 2, measures 71-76. The staff is in treble clef. It begins with a slur over measures 71-72, followed by a quarter rest in measure 73. Slurs continue over measures 74-75 and 76. The key signature changes from two flats to one flat between measures 75 and 76.

Lip Slur 3

77

♩ = 82

Musical staff for Lip Slur 3, measures 77-85. The staff is in treble clef with a 6/8 time signature. It begins with a slur over measures 77-80, followed by a quarter rest in measure 81. Slurs continue over measures 82-83, 84-85, and 86. The key signature changes from one flat to two flats between measures 85 and 86.

86

Musical staff for Lip Slur 3, measures 86-92. The staff is in treble clef. It begins with a slur over measures 86-89, followed by a quarter rest in measure 90. Slurs continue over measures 91-92 and 93. The key signature changes from two flats to one flat between measures 92 and 93.

93

Musical staff for Lip Slur 3, measures 93-100. The staff is in treble clef. It begins with a slur over measures 93-96, followed by a quarter rest in measure 97. Slurs continue over measures 98-99 and 100. The key signature changes from one flat to two flats between measures 99 and 100.

101

Musical staff for Lip Slur 3, measures 101-106. The staff is in treble clef. It begins with a slur over measures 101-104, followed by a quarter rest in measure 105. Slurs continue over measures 106-107 and 108. The key signature changes from two flats to one flat between measures 107 and 108.

Long Tones

♩ = 108

Musical staff for Long Tones exercise, measures 1-12. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The exercise consists of a series of long tones (half notes) with rests, starting on G4 and moving up stepwise to G5. The final measure contains a triplet of eighth notes: G5, A5, B5.

Bb Remington

♩ = 84

Musical staff for Bb Remington exercise, measures 13-24. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The exercise consists of a series of eighth notes with rests, starting on G4 and moving up stepwise to G5. The notes are: G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F5, G5.

Musical staff for Bb Remington exercise, measures 25-34. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The exercise continues with eighth notes and rests, starting on G4 and moving up stepwise to G5. The notes are: G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F5, G5.

Scale Study

♩ = 132

Musical staff for Scale Study exercise, measures 35-38. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The exercise consists of eighth notes, starting on G4 and moving up stepwise to G5. The notes are: G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F5, G5.

Musical staff for Scale Study exercise, measures 39-42. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The exercise continues with eighth notes, starting on G4 and moving up stepwise to G5. The notes are: G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F5, G5.

Musical staff for Scale Study exercise, measures 43-46. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The exercise continues with eighth notes, starting on G4 and moving up stepwise to G5. The notes are: G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F5, G5.

Musical staff for Scale Study exercise, measures 47-50. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The exercise continues with eighth notes, starting on G4 and moving up stepwise to G5. The notes are: G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F5, G5.

Lip Slur 1

♩ = 120

49

Musical staff for Lip Slur 1, measures 49-56. Treble clef, 2/4 time. Slurs over groups of notes with accents.

57

Musical staff for Lip Slur 1, measures 57-62. Treble clef, 2/4 time. Slurs over groups of notes with accents.

Lip Slur 2

♩ = 108

63

Musical staff for Lip Slur 2, measures 63-70. Treble clef, 2/4 time. Slurs over groups of notes with accents.

71

Musical staff for Lip Slur 2, measures 71-76. Treble clef, 2/4 time. Slurs over groups of notes with accents.

Lip Slur 3

♩ = 82

77

Musical staff for Lip Slur 3, measures 77-84. Treble clef, 6/8 time. Slurs over groups of notes with accents.

85

Musical staff for Lip Slur 3, measures 85-92. Treble clef, 6/8 time. Slurs over groups of notes with accents.

93

Musical staff for Lip Slur 3, measures 93-100. Treble clef, 6/8 time. Slurs over groups of notes with accents.

101

Musical staff for Lip Slur 3, measures 101-106. Treble clef, 6/8 time. Slurs over groups of notes with accents.